

HW: page 425 3,5,7,11,15,19,23,27b
 page 437 1a,3,5,7,13a,35,53

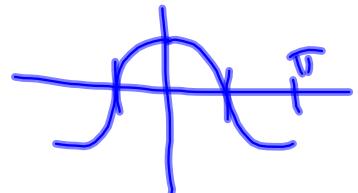
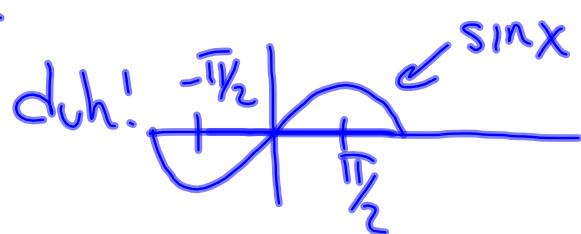
$$3) \int_2^3 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_2^3 = \frac{81}{4} - \frac{16}{4} = \frac{65}{4}$$

$$5) \int_1^9 \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} \Big|_1^9 = \frac{2}{3} (9^{3/2} - 1) = \frac{2}{3} (27 - 1) = \frac{52}{3}$$

$$7) \int_1^3 e^x dx = e^x \Big|_1^3 = e^3 - e \approx 17.37$$

$$\begin{aligned} 13) \quad & \int_4^9 2x\sqrt{x} dx = \int_4^9 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} dx \\ &= 2 \cdot 2 \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} \Big|_4^9 = \frac{4}{5} (9^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4^{\frac{5}{2}}) \\ &= \frac{4}{5} (243 - 32) = \frac{844}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$15) \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \theta d\theta = -\cos \theta \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = -(\cos \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos(-\frac{\pi}{2})) \\ = - (0 - 0) = 0$$



$$19) \int_{\ln 2}^3 5e^x dx = 5(e^x) \Big|_{\ln 2}^3 = 5(e^3 - 2) = 5e^3 - 10$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 23) \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(x + \frac{2}{\sin x} \right) dx &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (x + 2(\csc x)) dx \\
 &= \frac{x^2}{2} - 2 \cot x \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{(\frac{\pi}{2})^2}{2} - 2 \cot(\frac{\pi}{2}) - \left(\frac{(\frac{\pi}{6})^2}{2} - 2 \cot(\frac{\pi}{6}) \right) \\
 &= \frac{\pi^2}{8} - 2(0) - \left(\frac{\pi^2}{72} - 2\sqrt{3} \right) = \frac{8\pi^2}{72} + 2\sqrt{3} \\
 &= \frac{\pi^2}{9} + 2\sqrt{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

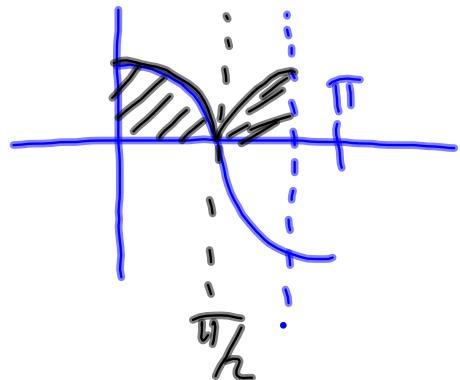
$$27b) \int_0^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} |\cos x| dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos x dx - \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \cos x dx$$

$$= \sin x \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - \sin x \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} = \sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \sin 0 - \left(\sin \frac{3\pi}{4} - \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$= 1 - 0 - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 1 \right)$$

$$= 2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



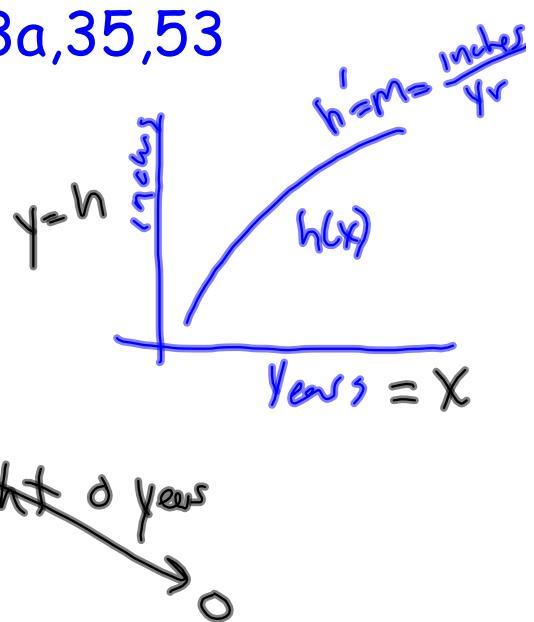
HW: page 437 1a, 3, 5, 7, 13a, 35, 53

1a) $h'(t) = \Delta \text{height}$

$$\int_0^{10} h'(t) dt$$

$$= h(10) - h(0)$$

$$= \text{height at 10 years} - \cancel{\text{height 0 years}}$$



3) a) $\text{disp} = (\text{signed}) \text{ Area}$

$$\int_0^3 v(t) dt = \frac{1}{2} - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$\text{dist} = \text{whole Area (+)}$

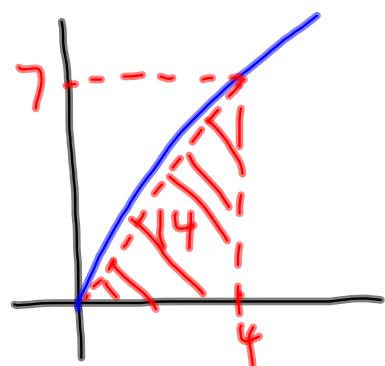
$$\frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{3}{2}$$

b) $\text{disp} = \int_0^3 v(t) dt = \frac{1}{2} + 1 + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$

$\text{dist} = \frac{1}{2} + 1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = 2$

$$5) a_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1}{4-0} \int_0^4 a(t) dt = \frac{1}{4}(15) = \frac{15}{4} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} v(4) &= v_0 + \bar{a}t \\ &= 20 + \left(\frac{15}{4}\right)4 \\ &= 35 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$



$$a_{\text{avg}} = \frac{1}{6-0} (27) = \frac{27}{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v(6) &= v_0 + \bar{a}t \\ &= 20 + 27 = 47. \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \frac{6 \cdot 9}{2} = 27$$

$$7a) \quad v(t) = t^3 - 2t^2 + 1 \quad s(0) = 1$$

$$\int v(t) dt = S(t)$$

$$\frac{t^4}{4} - \frac{2t^3}{3} + t + C = S(t)$$

$$0 + 0 + 0 + C = 1$$

$$\frac{t^4}{4} - \frac{2}{3}t^3 + t^2 + 1 = S(t)$$

$$7b) a(t) = 4 \cos 2t$$

$$v(t) = \int 4 \cos 2t - 4 \left\{ \omega s 2t(2dt) = 2 \sin 2t + C \right.$$

$$v(0) = -1 \Rightarrow -1 = 2 \sin(0) + C$$

$$v(t) = 2 \sin 2t - 1 \quad -1 = C$$

$$s(t) = \int (2 \sin 2t - 1) dt = \frac{1}{2} \int \sin 2t (2dt) - \int dt \\ = -\omega s 2t - t + C$$

$$s(0) = -3 \Rightarrow -3 = -\cos(0) - 0 + C$$

$$-3 = -1 + C$$

$$s(t) = -\omega s 2t - t - 2 \quad -2 = C$$

$$13a) V(t) = t^3 - 3t^2 + 2t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 3$$

disp

$$\int_0^3 (t^3 - 3t^2 + 2t) dt = \frac{t^4}{4} - 3\frac{t^3}{3} + 2\frac{t^2}{2} \Big|_0^3$$

$$= \frac{81}{4} - 27 + 9 - 0 = \frac{9}{4}$$

dist

$$t^3 - 3t^2 + 2t = 0$$

$$t(t^2 - 3t + 2) = 0$$

$$\cancel{t}(t-2)(t-1) = 0$$

$$t=2 \quad t=1$$

$$\int_0^1 (t^3 - 3t^2 + 2t) dt = \frac{t^4}{4} - t^3 + t^2 \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{4} - 1 + 1 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{t^4}{4} - t^3 + t^2 \Big|_1^2 = 4 - 8 + 4 - \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{t^4}{4} - t^3 + t^2 \Big|_2^3 = \frac{81}{4} - 27 + 9 - (4 - 8 + 4) = \frac{9}{4} - 0$$

$$\text{dist} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$35) \quad v(0) = 0 \quad a = 2.6 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad s(t) = s_0 + v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$s(t) = 120 = 0 + 0(t) + \frac{1}{2}(2.6)t^2$$

$$120 = 1.3t^2$$

$$9.6 = t$$

$$\underline{v(t) = 0 + 2.6(9.6) = 25 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$v(0) = 25$$

$$v(t) = 12$$

$$a = -1.5$$

$$12 = 25 + (-1.5)t$$

$$\frac{-13}{-1.5} = t = 8.7 \text{ s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} s(8.7) &= 120 + 25(8.7) \\ &\quad + (-1.5)(8.7)^2 \\ &= 224 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$53) f(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad [1, e]$$

$$\int_{e-1}^e \frac{1}{x} dx = \left. \ln x \right|_1^e = \frac{1}{e-1} (1 - 0) = \frac{1}{e-1}$$